TRUTH AND LIBERTY

FIFTY-SIXTH YEAR.

10 PAGES-LAST EDITION.

FRIDAY, JULY 28, 1905. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

NO WIDOW ROBBED; NO HOME TAKEN.

No Hagar Driven Forth Without Property, Provision and Protection.

THE RALEIGH WILL CASE.

The Mother and Her Demented Son Both Well Provided for Despite Contrary Stories.

CHURCH VILELY SLANDERED.

Facts in the Case That Those Interested May Read and Tons Form Correct Conclusions.

The reading public in these parts has been surfeited with stories concerning the "Mormon" Church and its President, which have either no foundation at all in truth, or are concocted on the slimmest possible thread of fact which is woven into such wretched garments of fiction that they are worse if possible than the whole cloth false-

One of the many fabrications of this kind that has been dealt out with sickening iteration from day to day is that in which the late Alonzo H. Raleigh has been made to figure. He was a promirent and noted citizen of Salt Lake, an active worker in municipal affairs and one time the Bishop of the Nine at one time the Bishop of the Sha-teenth ward. This departed citizen has been neld up to public execration, and the Church to which he belonged has also been shamefully libelled over a matter that has been settled by the courts, which alone had jurisdiction of the case. In the publications referred to, the truth, the salient points in the controversy and litigation have been aretully suppressed, while positive reis-hoods have been brought to the front for the purpose of casting oppreprium upon the deceased and upon the authorities of the Church, the latter having no present financial interest in the estate, which has been administered according to the terms of the will left by Mr.

FACTS IN THE CASE.

The charges that have been made are to the effect that Mrs. Emily P. Raieigh, a widow of the deceased, was deeded out of her house and home and etent son, because her husband had astead of securing it to her and that the property, allowing her to b out like another Hagar, leaving without a shelter to cover her. The fact that the Church has had noth do with the proceedings could ave been ascertained by reference to the court records, and the decisions rendered. The "News" will here pre-sent the matter briefly that the pubmay understand the situation of

When Mr. Raleigh died, his estatwas valued at about \$33,000. He left a last will and testament covering its distribution, and it was found that with certain exceptions, the estate placed in trust for future distribution to different parties. The Church's income two and North street, which it was not into possession life leases until two life leases upon it had expired. Mr. Raleigh left two plural wives. To one of them, Ellasheth Raleigh, he bequeathed a home on Center street, and to the other, Emily P. Raieigh, a home on First West street, consisting of real estate, upon which there are three houses, with a which there are three houses, with a rental value of \$42 per month. In addition to this property he provided for her a cash allowance of \$25 per month, and a further allowance to her of \$16 per month for the care of her incompetent child. The other children of the testator had recover these for the testator had received places for building lots from the estate.

EQUAL BEQUESTS.

One provision of the will was that the executors were to make the bequests to both wives equal, and the lot giver Emily P. Raleigh on First cet, was appraised at \$1,500 han was the lot given to Elizabeth Raieigh on Center street, and for this season the executors paid out of the smiate's money, \$1,500 to Elizabeth

The premises bequeathed to Emily Raleigh with the three houses and southly rent of \$42 have never been rought into question. She has always awn, without protest, her \$25 monthly lowance and the \$16 monthly annuity for her son, of whom she was appointed the legal guardian. The distribution of the part of the estate bequeathed to different people was made in June, 1902. The records of the court show that she has received \$1,509 directly from the the estate since the death of Mr.

the time this distribution was Emily P, Raleigh set about to a possession of the property di-y across the street from the premses bequeathed to her, known as lot 1 clock 114, Plat A. She filed suit, allegadverse possession and a paro

The Church has had no interest in the State since 1902, and now holds no State since or claim to any of the Raleigh reperty. The will gave life leases on Le disputed piece of property to Caroline C. R. Wells, and to Jacob T. Raleigh, the Church to receive possession at their death. When the distribution of property was made, the hurch sold its claim and interest and it is now held by the Mutual investment company. The sum realized on his sale was \$2,500.

COURT'S DECISION

On its hearing, the case consumed bur days before Judge Hall, and it was lecided that Emily P. Raleigh had no light, title, or interest in the property he claimed. She was represented by hit and the light of the claimed of the light of the claimed of the Mutual Investment company, and H. S. Tanner for the estate. The legal point on which the decision ested was the acceptance by Mrs. Raleigh without protest, of the amount silled to her as an alowance, and the tome given to her, and not as alleged, the status of a plural wife of Mr. Raleigh. Her attorney made a motion for

a new trial, and it was refused. The case was appealed, and Rogers & Street handled it for Mrs. Raleigh. The decision of the Supreme court of Utah, which was rendered only a few weeks ago, sustained the findings of the lower court in every particular.

BOTH HOME AND MONEY.

Thus it will be seen that Emily P. Raleigh, instead of being left homeless and without provision in the will of Alonzo H. Raleigh, has a direct allowance from the estate of \$41 per month and with the rent of the premises bequeathed to her \$42 per month, she has a total income from the estate of the \$82 per month. So much for that.

that.

Now as to the piece of property which she endeavored to obtain from the members of the family to whom it was willed. That is a matter which the courts had determined under the testament left by Mr. Raleigh. As we have shown, it was left to the Church encumbered by two life leases. Under these conditions, the Church disposed of its claim under the will and has had nothing to do with the distribution of the estate or the litigation instituted by Emily P. Raleigh and which the courts decided adversely to her, The reasons why Mr. Raleigh left that one piece of property to the Church on the decease of a son and a daughter, to whom it was secured for life, have nothing to do with the case, nor does the "News" propose to enter into have bothing to do with the case, nor does the "News" propose to enter into that question. The matter is settled so far as that is concerned, but the malice and falsehood and distortion of facts which have been published for evil purposes are matters of public moment and are directly and infamously libelium. It is clear to every could be lous. It is clear to every candid in-vestigator of the matter that the deceased has been wrongfully accused, and that the Church and its President have been falsely charged with offenses of which they are entirely clear and that have been trumped up in the usual style of every-day defamation with which the Salt Lake public have become disgustedly familiar.

MAN KILLED ON THE SHORT LINE.

Tramp Falls From a Train and is Run Over, Receiving Fatal Injuries.

FOUL PLAY IS SUSPECTED.

Victim Supposed to be A. Beetticher Of Cleveland, O .- Occurred Near Farmington.

(Special to the "News.") Farmington, Utah. July 28,--At 11 clock last night four tramps boarded a northbound Short Line freight train at this point, and when about half a miles north of the Farmington station one of them fell from the train and was killed. His companions, on reaching Ogden, wired back and notified the railroad officials, who immediately investigated the matter, and found the dead body of the man at the point indicated. There are rumors of foul play, but the exact facts in the case will not be known until an inquest is held to determine the cause of death. The man's body was pretty badly mutilated, and his right foot and left arm were cut off. This of itself is not believed to have caused death, but it is thought that in this condition he lay on the track and was run over by the northbound passenger train, which passed by just before the man's body was found.

The three men who were with him are being held to testify at the inquest, It is understood the men were on their way to Portland, and had been together for three weeks. On the dead man's for three weeks. On the dead man's person was found a pocketbook containing a number of cards and \$1 in money. There was also a certificate showing that he was a member of the I. O. O. F., and had paid his dues up to July 1, 1905. The lodge to which he belonged was Phoenix lodge 233 of Cleveland, O., and the certificate was in the name of A. Boetticher, although his companions say his name is A. Pettinger. C. A. Walker, a prominent Odd Fellow of this city, has wired Cleveland concerning the accident.

The dead man is about 5 feet, 8 inches

The dead man is about 5 feet, 8 inches in height and weighs 128 pounds. He is light complexioned, and wore drab trousers, blue underclothing, a black shirt and a small light colored cap, The inquest will probably be held this

OGDEN HOME BURNED.

That of George Wheelwright Badly

Damaged by Fire-Hobo Shot.

(Special to the "News.") Ogden, July 28 .- Fire broke out this morning in the home of George Wheelwright on Monroe avenue between Twenty-third and Twenty-fourth streets, destroying two back kitchens and badly scorching the main part of the house. The department responded and by dint of hard work succeeded in keeping the damage down to about \$500. The fire was caused by the explosion of a gasoline stove. Two children who were asleep in the house at the time, were rescued by carpenters working in

the vicinity. A man giving the name of Nick Girkle, a hobo, was shot at 4:30 this morning in the depot yards. Who fired the shot is not known, although it is understood that Girkle, with others, was endeavoring to board an outgoing train when they were ordered off and at once took to their heels. While run-ning the man was shot in the fleshy part of the right leg above the knee, the ball passing nearly through. He was taken to the police station where Dr. Dickson extracted the bullet and dressed the wound. The yards were afterwards searched but no trace of the

man who did the shooting could be Glen Pardoe, the young man who was so badly injured in yesterday's runaway, is reported somewhat improved and the physicians now have greater hopes for his recovery.

FIGHT AGAINST YELLOW FEVER.

New Orleans Authorities Have Thoroughly Perfected Their Organization.

EVERY CASE WILL BE REPORTED

Rate of Mortality Has Been High, But Now Will be Reduced -- Address to Italians.

New Orleans, July 28 .- The health authorities who are handling the yellow fever situation here have now so theroughly perfected their organization that they feel confident every case of fever though not thoroughly developed will be promptly reported and go upon the official records,

So thorough has been the inspection of the city that it is believed that every existing case has been routed out and is now included in the 206 casese which have been announced. Many of these are on the road to recovery and it is expected that with the perfect scientific treatment that has been arranged for there will be a reduced mortality rate which in the early stages of the disease has been admittedly high.

The most annoying feature of the situation now is the disposition practically of every town in adjoining states to tighten the quarantine against the city. That is due to the feeling beyond the city that 200 cases means a serious situation and the fact that the escape of Italians from the infected Erench market center has resulted in French market center has resulted in the appearance of cases of fever at

various points,
One cuse has been reported at Tampa, Fla., of an Italian refugee from New Orleans and there were reports of cases in La Fourche, Ascension, St. Mary and Plaquemine Parishes. Short Mary and Plaquemine Parishes. Short gun guards are now being put on public roads in parishes outside of New Orleans to turn back every Italian who makes his appearance and the bars have been put up all over the state aginst that nationality in particular. Two Italians who manged to board a Mississippi Valley train yesterday were locked in a car which was sidetracked at Baton Rouge last night and sent back to New Orleans today.

The Morgan line steamer Excelsior, whose passengers were detained at Havna, brought news on her arrival here that Cuba is to send a commission

of yellow fever experts to study local conditions in New Orleans. Other points in the south are also to be visit-Meantime the advices received of the Associated Press of uarantines put on by the central and South American countries quarantines and the Indies against New Orleans are arousing the population to a surpreme effort to wipe out the infection. It is known now that Hayana, Costa Rica, vera Cruz, Tampico and other former centers of yellow fever are taking pre-cautions to project themselves against communication with New Orleans, Nic-aragua, however, is an exception, and her consul has informed the authoritles here that no bar will be up against the city. There is, however, little ad-vantage in that. The sentiment here at present is strongly in favor of mini-mizing the danger of further infections from ports where fruit steamers touch that practically all lines have determin-

ed to send their steamers elsewhere.

The system of inspection which went into effect today contemplates a visit to every house in the city so that no The city has been divided into a large number of districts. Each inspector provided with a large off can from which he is directed to pour on all ex-posed water surfaces, tubs, cisterns and

Gov. Blanchard has returned to the state capital and has placed himself in hourly communication with the state board of health. The governor said to-day he did not believe there was the slightest justification for a panicky feeling in the state. He thinks that if there is thorough co-operation of the people with the medical authorities

people with the medical authorities there is no danger of a serious spread of the fever in Louisiana.

The reported case at Bowle, on the Southern Pacific, in La Fourche parish, has been confirmed. The case was an Italian who fied from New Orleans, Hallan who fied from New Orleans. Upon his death the authorities burned the building which he had occupied. The Italian societies have issued an address to their countrymen. They say:

"If any of your family should get sick, don't hide that fact, but call at once for relief, and it will be forthcom-It is of the utmost importance to

PLOT TO ASSASSINATE THE SULTAN OF TURKEY DISCOVERED. \$

Bucharest, Roumania, July 28, Bucharest, Roumania, July 28. *
-A plot against the life of the \$ sultan of Turkey has been dis-Kustenji.

A search of houses occupied by Turks disclosed large quantities of revolvers, rifles, cartridges and a compromising documents. The Roumanian officials subsequent ly discovered cases of rifles hidden in the hold of a Turkish .

&&&&&&&

steamer now at Kustenji.

ance you need. You will be given the ance you need. You will be given the services of a physician and you will be furnished with money, medicines, food and whatever you may actually want. We want to show the people of this country that the Halian colony is progressive, intelligent, law-abiding and self-supporting, and that we have men able and willing to meet convergence.

of any kind."

Mayor Bohrman has received a telegarphic offer of funds from President Tylor of the Howard association of Charleston. He has replied, thanking the people of Charleston for their sympathy, but saying that the situation is well in hand, and no funds are needed. Other tenders of help have been received.

Rev. Dr. Beaverley Warner who re cently returned here from Philadelphia today opened offices in one of the prominent office buildings. He has been made superintendent of cleaning and sanitating the city. All wards will make daily report to him. Screening make daily report to him. Screening and oiling cisterns is to be accomplished in a novel way. Buttons have been given out by the board of health. The buttons are plain white, with a life size stegomyla fasciata pictured in the center and surrounded with the words "My cisterns are all right; how are yours?" cours?

The mosquito ordinance to be passed by the council has been amended so as to require that landlords shall bear the expense of screening cisterns. New Olreans modern sewerage system has not been completed and cistern water s practically the only drinking supply Tangipahoe has out on a quarantine against leather goods, cotton, woelen and fur goods, bagging paper, coffee and rice in sacks and fruits of any

and rice in sacks and fruits of any description believing these articles may carry the infection.

Magnolia, Miss., has barred fresh meats from New Orleans.

The Crewrer's City Jockey club has offered Oakland bark, which is situated on high ground in the rear of the city.

or an additional emergency hospi-CHATTANOOGA QUARANTINES. Chattanooga, July 28,—The quaran-tine instituted by this city against New Orleans and other infected districts in the state of Lousiana was put into force today.

An Electric Express Train Crashes Into an Empty Station. ary Train.

Liverpool, July 28 .- An electric express train on the Lancashire and Yorkshire railroad, bound from Liverpool to Southport, collided last evening with an empty stationary train at the Hallroad station, causing the death of 23 persons and the injury of many. The first car of the express which was crowded was smashed to pieces and only six of its occupants escaped. The road was recently given an elec-

tric equipment.

This is the first serious accident that has occurred on an electric railway in England, and it filled with horror the Ising and, and it filled with horror the numerous waiting passengers standing at the Hallroad station, who were spectators of the disaster. The collision lifted the first car of the express completely off the steel frame and crashed it down again on the unfortunate pas-sengers, 20 of whom were killed outraight. More of them would have been killed but for the presence of mind of a Liverpool architect, who, seeing that a collision was inevitable, shouted

that a collision was inevitable, shouted to his fellow passengers to throw themselves upon the floof of the car.

Almost immediately after the crash, the wreckage burst into flames. The mangled bodies of the dead and the cries of the injured vainly beseeching that they be extricated from the burning weeking comed. ing wreckage, formed a terrible scene, and many women on the platforms fainted. The victims included several ness. If you are without means, or if you are in any way pushed for funds, come forward without hesitation and notify us. You will get all the assist-

Total State Tax Levy Of Eight Mills Made.

Board of Equalization Today Adopted Resolution Providing For Raise of \$750,000 for

1905 and a Similar Amount for 1906, Making an Aggregate Sum of

\$1,500,000-What the State Needs Are.

************************ FUNERAL OF ENSIGN NEWMAN K. PERRY

He Was the Only Officer Who Lost His Life in the Bennington Explosion.

BODIES ARE TO BE EXHUMED

Authorities Have Discovered an Act o Congress Permitting Them to be Shipped Home.

San Diego, Cal., July 28.-At 18t Paul's Episcopal church at 10:30 o'clock this morning was held the funeral of Ensign Newman K. Perry, the only offier who lost his life in the disaster on he gunboat Bennington. Rev. J. A. M. Richey was in charge, assisted by Bishop J. H. Johnson of Los Angeles and Chaplain Stone of the flagship Chicago. Commander Young and officers and men of the Bennington, officers and men from Chicago, active and retired army officers, councilmen, heads of city departments, companions of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, officers from Fort Rosecrans, officers of the naval reserves, local federal offlicials and officers and members of the the last and officers and members of the chamber of commerce were present. The general public was not admitted owing to the limited capacity of the church. The remains will be taken to Storkbridge, Mass., for interment, leaving here tomorrow afternoon.

The bodies of the Bennington's victures where were harded in the sufficient of the second of the s

tims who were buried in the military cemetery on Point Loma are not to remain were they were laid with impressive ceremonies. Now that they are at rest, the officials have discovered that after the Maine disaster Con-gress enacted a law providing for the transmission of the bodies of dead sali-ors to their homes.

After the explosion the undertakers elegraphed to the nearest relatives of he dead with instructions regarding the disposition of the remains. In many cases answers were made that the bodies should be shipped if it could be done at the government's expense. Accordingly the bodexpense. Accordingly the bodies of the 40 remains were interred, unembaimed, in the little burial ground on the hill. Now Paymaster Morris is telegraphing to relatives that upon request the bodies will be disinterred and sent home at the expense of the government. So far such request has come criment. So far such request has come for two of the bodies and it is likely that a majority of them will be exhumed and sent away. Among the bodies to be buried those of the follow-

ing have just been sent away: C. L. Burns, to Chicago; Kamerer, to Londonville, O.; Kamerer, to Londonville, O.; Joseph Newcome, to Quincy, Mass.; Emil Dresch, to Newark, N. J.; Clive W. Brockman, to Des Moines, Ia.; Wil-liam Fickweiler, to La Porte, Ind.; John C. Barchus, to Charinds, Ia. Charles O. McKeon's remains will be forwarded to Fenton, Mich., this eve-

ning.

The condition of the injured at the private hospitals show little change except that C. S. Schultz has recovered sufficiently to be removed to the barracks hospital and W. A. Holley is improving. A. J. Worthen is holding his own, D. Sullivan has a fighting chance and D. R. McClintock and Harvey C. Dean are doing well, P. Neiman, G. H. Hallett, F. G. Muller and L. A. Greise Hallett, F. G. Muller and L. A. Greise are classed as most seriously ill at present. Skin grafting will have to be performed on about 15 of the wounded

JOHN CORBUTT DEAD.

Was One of Most Famous Photographers in the World.

Philadelphia, July 28,-John Carbutt known to photographers the world ever, died at his home today, aged 73 He had been a sufferer from Bright's discase for more than a year, Carbutt came to this city from Shef-Carbutt came to this city from Shef-field in 1853. He was skilled as a chemist, and made scientific photo-graphy his study. The Photographers' Association of America chose him as their first president, and he acted as official photographer when the Cana-dian Pacific was constructed. He made several inventions, facilitating the taking of pictures in color, chief of which he perfected his widely known "Car-butt dry plate," which revolutionized the trade.

PHYSIOLOGIST MOORE

Resigns as Result of Department Of AgricultureInvestigation.

Washington, July 28.—George T. Moore, physiologist and algologist of the department of agriculture, today

Whereas, an ad volorem tax of purposese: therefore be it

tendered his resignation to Secy. Wilson, and it has been accepted. This action is the culmination of a hearing at the department yesterday at which it was alleged by two representatives of an agricultural publication that Moore's wife held stock in a company manufacturing culture for soil inoeculation while Moore, who had charge of the preparation and revision of bulletins regarding the enrichment of farms, direct from the farmers to the concern in question for their supplies of the culture.

ADDRESS OF SULTAN

On Occasion of His Escape from Assassination.

Constantinople, July 28,-In reply to a Mussulmen address of loyalty and gratification at his escape from assassina tion by the explosion of a bomb thrown by an unknown person at the conclusion of the Selamlik ceremonies on Friday last, the sultan says that the protection of Divine Providence on that occasion was God's reward to him for occasion was tool's reward to him for constant endeavors to promote the peace and happiness of his people.

The only feature of the incluent which deeply affected him was the fact that so many of his dear, devoted soldiers and well beloved people were killed or intered.

Trying to Swim English Channel.

Dover, England, July 28 .- T. W. Burgess started this morning in a second attempt to swim across the channel. entering the water at the coast guard station at Lydden, four miles north-west of this port. Burgess, in 1904, got within four miles of the French coast in his first attempt to swim the

GOVERNOR CUTLER IN FIREWORKS.

Emblem of the Elks Will Also Blaze Luminously on Walker's Field.

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY TONICHT.

Dynamite Will be Touched Off and Pempeli Will Fall Once Again In Salt Lake.

Gov. Cutler's features will blaze luminously on the bleachers at Walker's field tonight. The Pain's fireworks wizard has set them in a great steel rame in which Mayor Morris' countenance shone so resplendently one night this week. When the big pyrotechnical display comes the application of the torch will disclose what the tableaux enius has made possible-the detection a life-like portrait of the state execu ive. And then will come the burning of some Islks emblem, for it will be Elks' night and the members of that order are expected to be there in herds attling their antiers among the rest of

ankind, The "Best People on Earth" will be out for a time and it looks like they were going to have it. Last night the Woodmen and the Eagles were on the grounds in generous numbers but the attendance is expected to be larger to night than at any previous performance. Tomorrow night will afford the last opportunity of seeing this magnificent spectacle. The person who does not see it will miss much. A word to the wise is sufficient in amusements as well as as in other walks of life. Aside from the historic interest that attaches to the destruction of the world famed city of Pompeii and the awful and wonderful realistic story that is told in its expungement from the earth, there are innumerable other at-tractions that are alone worth not a

JAPANESE VIRTUALLY IN CONTROL OF SAKHALIN

little to see.

Tokio, Friday, July 28, 6 p. m.—Luik-off, on Sagalien island, to which point the Russians retreated, is some 30 miles the Russians retreated, is some 30 miles southeast of Alexandrovsky, beyond a range of hills separating the Alexandrovsky district from the plain. Here the Russians are completely isolated, owing to lack of roads. It is impossible for them to make a long stand and it is expected that they will soon be subdued.

A victory over them will make the Japanese virtual masters of the whole island. There is great rejoicing in Tokio over the success of the Sakhalin expedition and the landing at Krest-kamp lighthouse is regarded as the first entry of the Japanese army into Pussian territory proper.

A Wife Suicides.

Seattle, Wash., July 28.—Sending her husband into another room to open a bottle of beer for her early this morning, Mrs. Anna Ambrose, wife of John Ambrose, a lineman, drained a bottle containing carbolic acid. Her husband grabbed the bottle, but it was too late. The woman died an hour afterwards without telling why she wanted to die. The suicide is a mystery, as Mrs. Ambrose was in good health and neighbors say was happy.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Grain, Hay and Fences Eurned on Dry Farms Near Payson.

(Special to the "News.") Payson, July 28 .- A destructive fire occurred on the dry farms three miles southwest of here yesterday afternoon, The steam threshing machine was mov-ing to John Dixon's place when sparks ignited the stubble and caused a blaze which spread over an area two miles long and one mile wide, doing considerable damage to grain, haystacks and fences. In most places, however, the grain was harvested and out of the way, but a stack belonging to Jacob Huber and in the wake of the fire, went up in smoke, as did also a haystack and a number of farming im ments, entailing a loss of perhaps \$500. John Dixon's grain narrowly eacaped a similar fate, but fortunately, the fire was extinguished before it reached

A haystack belonging to Mrs. Sarah Rust was destroyed by fire yesterday morning.

HOCH'S EXECUTION IS POSTPONED.

Two Hours Before Time Set For It Woman Appears at Jail With Money for Appeal.

SHE REFUSED TO TELL NAME.

Was Accompanied by Dr. Liston # Montgomery, a Well Known Physician of Chicago.

GOV. DENEEN COMNUNICATED WITH

Finally Granted a Reprieve of Four Months --- Condemned Man Was Overjoyed.

Chlengo, July 28 .- A woman with money effectively intervened today between "Bluebeard" Johann Hoch and the hangman. Almost on the steps of the scaffold, the combination of feminity and finance that has been potent throughout the remarkable career of the multi-bigamist and wife murderer developed anew and secured for him a longer lease of life, The woman who went to his rescue is said to be wealthy and professed to have become interest. ed in the case from humanitarian motives only. She enlisted to her aid Dr, Lyston H. Montgomery, one of the most prominent physicians in the city. Dr. Montgomery acted as her interme-

diary in the negotiations.
At 2 o'clock a, m. Jailer Whitman was aroused from sleep to answer a telephone call. Some person who re-fused to give his name announced that rused to give his name announced that he would appear at the jail at 10 a. m. prepared to furnish money, the lack of which it has been alleged prevented Hoch from completing the legal records required by the Illinois supreme court in case of all appeals. The records cost \$1,109. Hoch had \$100 and a conditional promise of \$400 additional. Because no name was given on the technology. name was given on the telephone. Jailer Whitman attached little importance to the notification, but today at the hour named Dr. Montgomery with Mrs. Wilson appeared at the jail. Their talk with Whitman convinced him they were in earnest and steps were at once taken for a new appeal to the gov-

Mrs. Wilson said she stood ready to advance a portion of the money neces-sary to enable Hoch to carry his case persons had also agreed to advance part of the sum necessary, Mrs. Wil-son departed to see these men and if possible to appeal to the governor her-self. She was assured by the jailer that he would delay the execution as long as possible in order to give Hoch the benefit of all the possibilities. Meanwhile Hoch, who had about given up all hope, paced his cell nervously awaiting the outcome. Dr. Montgomery and Mrs. Wilson left the fall together.

and Mrs. Wilson left the jail together, Mrs. Wilson clung tenaciously to her anonymity. She said:

"I am interested in the case solely because I think the man ought to have a chance—an equal chance."

Dr. Montgomery said:

"This lady, whose name as far as I am concerned, must ever remain a secret, is actuated solely from humanitarian motives. It is the same cause which determined me to assist her. I which determined me to assist her. I became interested in the case from a cientific standpoint long ago. I went over the testimony thoroughly. The Hoch administered arsenic to his wives I have always deemed absurd, When I returned from the Pacific coast two days ago, after several weeks; absence, I learned that Hoch was on the point of being hanged. I have thought him a poor, unfortunate man, and when this lady, having read in the papers of my sentiments, appeared at my office and offered to give the money for Hoch's appeal, I was glad to assist

After Dr. Montgomery and Mrs. Wilson left the jail, States Atty. Healy talked over the telephone with Gov. Deneen, who is at Springfield, and who was made acquainted with the latest phase of the situation. The governor told the state's attorney to ascertain whether the offer was bonafide, to make sure of the money, and then call the governor's office again. The gov-ernor thereupon instructed Sheriff Bar-rett to delay the execution until 1:30

Soon afterwards Dr. Montgomery and Mrs. Wilson returned to the state attorney's office, where they were closeted with the state's attorney and Hoch's After a long conference attorney. After a long conference, Hoch's lawyer emerged and announced that Montgomery and Mrs. Wilson had failed to convince the state's attorney that the woman would give the money. The lawyer for Hoch said, however, that a telephone message from an attorney known to Hoch's lawyer, had been received, stating that the sender of the message had \$500 to give toward saving Hoch. The offer was said to be on account of personal ward saving Hoch. The offer was said to be on account of personal friendship for Hoch's attorney. Hoch's representative had replied that with the money, to satisfy the state's attor-ncy and Gov. Dencen, must be either in cash or certified check.

Covered with perspiration and breathless, the attorney mentioned by Hoch's lawyer, arrived at the state's attorney's office in a short time and showed a bank check for \$500. The state's attorney insisted that he ought to bare the money but promised that to have the money, but promised that with the amount of cash he would recommend to the governor that a reprieve be granted. Hoch's attorney thereupon departed post haste with the announced intention of cashing the check and himself calling up the governor at the

as me time.

It developed later that the weman who intervened to save Hoch was Miss Cora Wilson. She is said to be an acquaintance of Gov. Deneen. Her plan and that of Dr. Montgomery was not to give the money but to guarantee to the governor that they would raise by subscription providing the governor would reprieve Hoch. The governor did not think this plan was certain enough and he refused to act. Jalier Whitman, while negotiations were pending, went to Hoch's cell and told the prisoner of the situation. Hoch chuckled and laughed like a school boy. "I knew my chance would come," he cried. and that of Dr. Montgomery was not

At this time Hoch's attorney was calling up the governor, announcing

Whereas, Under the provisions of section 1, chapter 110, Sessions Laws of Utah, 1905, it was ordered and directed that the sum of \$750,000 be raised for each of the fiscal years 1905 and 1906 from all the taxable property in the state for each year for general state purposes, and

adopted the following resolution this

Whereas, For the purpose of raising such revenue an ad valorem tax of 5 mills was levied on each dollar in value of the taxable property in the state for 1905 and 1906, or such portion of said tax as the state board of equalization might find it necessary, and

Whereas, This board having ascertained the total valuation of all the property in the state assessed for the year 1905, and

Whereas, From the best information

THE TOTAL TAX RATE.

The formal fixing of the state tax rate today and the meeting of the city council to fix the municipal rate tonight completes the work of making the levies and property owners will know just about what taxes they will have to pay for the ensuing year. The grand total of all the levies aggregates 34.2. It is divided in-to mills as follows:

For state purposes For state schools3
For county purposes4.5
For county schools2.5

The increase over last year is one and one-half mills, one being in the city rate, three-tenths on schools and two-tenths

Grand Total 34.2

The state board of equalization | \$\circ\$ \$\ci 1905, of 3 per cent, and

mills on each dollar in value of all the taxable property in the state of Utah for the year 1905, is necessary to raise the \$750,000,00 directed by law to be raised for the year 1905 for state Resolved, that an ad valorem tax o

5 mills be and is hereby levied or each dollar in value of all the taxable property in the state for the year 1905 to raise the sum of \$750,000.00 directed to be raised for state purposes for the year 1905, and that an ad valorem tax of 3 mills be and is hereby levied on each dollar in value of all the taxable property in the state for the year 1905 for raising sums necessary for the support of the district schools in the state for the year 1905, making a total tax levy of 8 mills for state and state

district school purposes.

The assessments of all counties no heretofore approved, were ordered ap-